



HIV and HCV Testing and Diagnosis Indicators

Indicator 13: Number of HIV tests hosted by CBOs	
Description	 The number of HIV tests hosted, but not directly administered, by CBOs. This refers to testing that is offered by external groups (e.g. BCCDC) that would come into organizations to provide testing.
Significance	 Community testing can increase uptake and successfully reach first-time testers and those newly infected (Suthar, 2013). HIV screening may lead to increased case-finding, increased awareness of HIV status, and reduced stigma (BCCfE & BCCDC, 2015).
Data source	 Point of Care HIV testing volumes from STOP HIV/AIDS partner agencies CBO administrative data (e.g. test tracking sheets)
Possible disaggregation	 Types of HIV tests administered (e.g. Point of Care, traditional blood draw, etc.) Tests administered by people with lived experience vs. social service providers, etc.
Limitations	Potential for double-counting of HIV testing being conducted in BC

References

- 1. BC Centre for Excellence in HIV/AIDS & BC Centre for Disease Control. (2015). HIV Monitoring Quarterly Report: Technical Report. Retrieved from: http://www.cfenet.ubc.ca/publications/centre-documents/hiv-monitoring-quarterly-reports-fourth-quarter-2014
- 2. Suthar, A.B., Ford, N., Bacanas, P.J., Wong, V.J., Rajan, J.S., Saltzman, A.K., Ajose, O., Fakoya, A.D., Granich, R.M., Negussie, E.K., & Baggaley, R.C. (2013). Towards universal voluntary HIV testing and counselling: A systematic review and meta-analysis of community-based approaches. PLOS Medicine, 10(8): e10011496.

Click <u>here</u> to download a comprehensive list of indicators in the Indicators Technical Report.











